

# Corporate Fixed Income

December 31, 2023

## Inception Date

October 1, 2000

## Total Strategy Assets<sup>1</sup>

\$6.7 billion

## Portfolio Managers

Joshua Lofgren CFA

Stephen Mullin, CFA

## Strategy Vehicles

- Separately Managed Account
- Collective Investment Trust (CIT)

## Benchmark<sup>2</sup>

Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index

## Typical Targets<sup>3</sup>

Government (%)	0 - 20
Corporates (%)	80 - 100
Structured Product (%)	0 - 10
Plus/Non-Index Sectors (%)	0 - 20

## OUR STRENGTHS

We believe our key competitive strengths are:

- **Investment Style** — Portfolio Managers, research analysts and traders work together; focused primarily on security selection within a duration neutral portfolio.
- **Size** — Our size helps ensure sufficient diversification at the portfolio level, while being able to source new issue allocations, participate in smaller deals, and remain sufficiently nimble to reposition the portfolio as market opportunities arise.
- **Experience** — Our deep credit experience helps enable us to navigate various market cycles, looking for any market dislocations and exercising an appropriate sell discipline.

## PHILOSOPHY AND PROCESS

We believe fixed income markets are efficient with respect to interest rate risk, but regularly misprice securities that are exposed to credit, downgrade and liquidity risks.

We seek to exploit inefficiencies in the market and provide clients with excess returns to the benchmark without incurring undue risk through:

- Conducting proprietary, in-depth fundamental research
- Targeting duration-neutral portfolios
- Constructing portfolios with attractive risk / reward characteristics

## ALPHA DRIVERS

- Focus on idiosyncratic security selection to drive alpha
- We do not put a large emphasis on macro bets, such as duration and term structure
- Willing to invest in off-the-run bonds and allow our credit research team to take a deeper dive to identify value
- Emphasize specific characteristics of an issuer, industry consolidation, downgrades and upgrades, improving fundamentals, and identifiable potential catalysts
- Believe in the ability to turn the portfolio over to source new ideas at attractive levels and aim to exit positions with rich valuations

1. Stated at estimated fair value (unaudited). Corporate Fixed Income is a strategy of public fixed income assets. Total Strategy Assets for Corporate Fixed Income include all assets managed by MIM in the Corporate Fixed Income strategy and may include certain assets that are not included in Composite Assets (as presented in GIPS® Composite Statistics and Performance table on the following page) for Corporate Fixed Income.

2. Please see the full GIPS® disclosures at the end of this document.

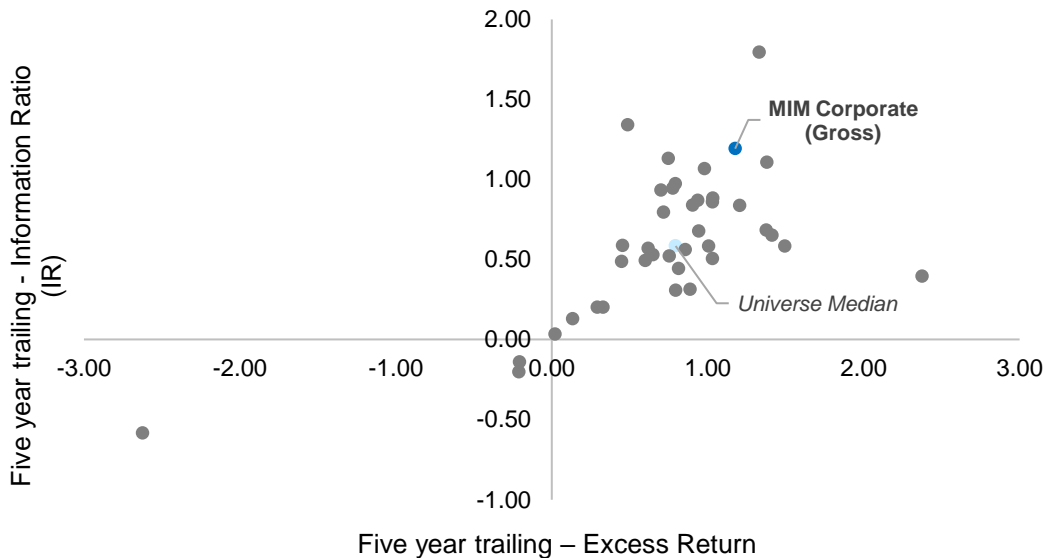
3. Any portfolio targets and/or limits are used to illustrate the Investment Manager's current intentions and may be subject to change without notice.

## COMPOSITE PERFORMANCE (%)<sup>1</sup>

	4Q2022 to 4Q2023	4Q2021 to 4Q2022	4Q2020 to 4Q2021	4Q2019 to 4Q2020	4Q2018 to 4Q2019
Corporate FI (Gross of fees)	8.52	-16.52	0.30	13.26	16.10
Corporate FI (Net of fees)	8.18	-16.82	-0.05	12.86	15.70
Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index	8.18	-15.26	-1.08	9.35	13.80

	4Q23	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception
Corporate FI (Gross of fees)	8.17	8.52	-3.14	3.62	3.36	3.94	6.34
Corporate FI (Net of fees)	8.10	8.18	-3.47	3.27	2.99	3.56	5.93
Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index	8.15	8.18	-3.21	2.45	2.30	2.83	4.82
Tracking Error		1.24	0.87	0.99	0.91	0.88	1.72
Information Ratio		0.27	0.07	1.19	1.15	1.26	0.88

## 5 YEAR TRAILING EXCESS RETURN & INFORMATION RATIO<sup>2</sup>



### Information Ratio (IR)

**Corporate Fixed Income (Gross)** 1.19

**Corporate Fixed Income (Net)** 0.83

Universe Median (Gross)<sup>2</sup> 0.58

### Excess Return

**Corporate Fixed Income (Gross)** 1.18

**Corporate Fixed Income (Net)** 0.82

Universe Median (Gross)<sup>2</sup> 0.79

1. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Net of fee returns reflect the deduction of investment advisory fees and are calculated in the same manner as gross of fee returns. Net of fee returns are calculated using the highest fee rate disclosed in the Form ADV. Fees for separate accounts may be negotiable depending upon asset size and type of account. For additional benchmark disclosure, please see the GIPS® disclosures at the end of this presentation. Tracking error is calculated by subtracting the return of a specified benchmark from the manager's return for each period and then calculating the standard deviation of those differences. Information ratio is the return of the portfolio minus the return of the benchmark divided by tracking error.

2. The eVestment Universe ranking is calculated by eVestment using investment performance returns gross of fees and strategy descriptions self-reported by participating investment managers and are not verified or guaranteed by eVestment. eVestment defines each Universe and selects the participating managers for the Universe it determines have similar investment strategies. The Universe ranking uses gross performance as manager fees may vary so that returns will be reduced when advisory fees are deducted. Performance returns for periods greater than one year are annualized. Additional information regarding net performance rankings is available upon request. The reports of the Universe percentile ranks were sourced on January 22, 2024, and represent 88% of the reported eVestment Corporate Fixed Income Universe as of that date. MIM has not verified and cannot verify the information from outside sources. eVestment calculates Excess Return by subtracting the return of a specified benchmark from the manager's return and Information Ratio by subtracting the return of the benchmark from the return of the portfolio divided by tracking error.

## QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE ATTRIBUTION

- Over the fourth quarter, sector allocation was the primary culprit for slight underperformance of relative returns. Accounting for this weakness was our positioning in US Treasuries as the strategy entered the quarter with a defensive bias. US Treasuries are also a source of liquidity in the strategy and as the move in corporate spreads outperformed that of rates, the strategy underperformed. Despite the underwhelming relative returns, a strong rally in risk assets to cap off 2023 aided total returns.
- Across the corporate sectors, Financials dragged on relative performance led lower by selection in Banking and Brokerage/Asset Managers/Exchanges as well as Insurance despite marginal offsets from REITs relative performance. Weakness in Banking stemmed from our overweight bias to GSIBs – which underperformed longer dated Yankees and Regionals in the rally. Positioning in Health Care REIT helped to offset broad sector weakness aiding performance in the REITs subsector.
- In Industrials, Consumer Non-Cyclicals, again, was the top performing sector. Food & Beverage subsector holdings contributed to the strength in the broader sector along with security selection in the Tobacco subsector.
- Positioning in Healthcare was positive despite weakness from M&A exposed issuers. In the closely related Pharmaceuticals sector, the strategy experienced challenging performance when an exposure disclosed surprise news of halting an expected promising drug trial.
- Technology was another sector where security selection contributed to performance with larger well-known conglomerates leading positive contributions.
- Within Communications, Media & Entertainment was again a bright spot where high-conviction expressions continued their momentum in aiding performance. Supporting the momentum was the market welcoming media outlets' reports of merger discussions between two larger peers with many synergies.
- M&A activity was robust in the Energy sector and specific to the portfolio, an exposure in the Independent Energy benefited following the news of being acquired by AA rated peer, more than offsetting weakness from Midstream as oil traded lower in the quarter.
- Our underweight to Cyclical supported relative returns over the period while an underweight in Basics partially offset selection in Chemicals. The strategy also benefited from avoiding Construction and Capital Goods sector issuers.
- Utilities were laggards as well. High-quality Electric names remained rangebound and were unable to keep up with the broader market rally.
- Positioning in select High Yield securities detracted from the strategy which we largely attribute to the geographics of an Energy related issuer. Further adding to the weakness was positioning in a Mining company as the organization is faced with the labor-force disputes. Hybrid securities of an Investment Grade rated Media issuer partially offset the laggards.

## STRATEGY

We believe the asymmetry of spreads has even further tilted in favor of spread widening – while also offering attractive opportunities along the curve. When spreads (duration adjusted) are at this level or tighter, 77% of the time the Corporate Index sees negative excess returns. For the Long Corporate Index, it's 100% of the time. It's only 48% of the time for the Intermediate Index, and as such, we still favor building a yield advantage on the front end of the curve, while remaining underweight the long end which has been the beneficiary of the incredibly positive technicals elevated demand versus the lightest issuance since 2011. Technicals can be overpowering – until they're not. Additionally, fundamentals are eroding, albeit slowly. Though one particular area of concern (and opportunity) that we would highlight is the potential for a meaningful increase of M&A. December saw a bevy of acquisitions announced and in our view, the Fed's dovish pivot and the growing chorus of soft landing predictions will likely further boost the appetite for M&A activity. We believe this activity will likely come from the highest quality issuers with balance sheets that can support such deals, which is a cohort of the market that we are underweight but could look to take advantage of the often-times overly generous concessions on large M&A financings to add exposure to those issuers.

One area we anticipate fundamentals may improve (perhaps paradoxically given our view on credit) is in the lowest rung of credit quality amongst high grade issuers. We believe those issuers rated BBB- have the most incentive to retain or improve their credit ratings, and in many cases, credible paths to deleveraging. We believe this area of the market, even absent a broader rally in the credit, to be the most ripe for spread compression, and is accordingly where we will look to express high-conviction expressions in 2024. Timing remains the most challenging variable in the market, but the asymmetry is as great as we can recall. A bias to the front of the curve and the associated yield advantage we can build from that positioning allows us the patience to wait for a correction in spreads. We allow that the worst case scenario for the economy looks far less likely than it did a year ago, but we also believe there to be far too much optimism priced into spreads. A higher quality posture and healthy liquidity in the portfolio leave us well positioned to take advantage of a more appropriately valued credit market.

The views presented above are MIM's and are subject to change over time. There can be no assurance that the views expressed above will prove accurate and should not be relied upon as a reliable indicator of future events.

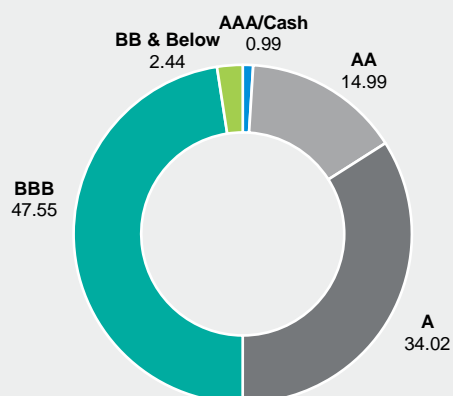
## STRATEGY CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1</sup>

	Yield To Maturity (%)	Effective Duration (years)	Average Credit Quality
<b>Corporate Fixed Income</b>	<b>5.36</b>	<b>7.15</b>	<b>A3 / A-</b>
Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index	4.99	6.97	A3 / A-

## SECTOR POSITIONING<sup>1</sup>

	Market Value (%)		Contribution to Duration (years)	
	Corporate Fixed Income	Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index	Corporate Fixed Income	Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index
<b>Financials</b>	<b>39.9</b>	<b>28.6</b>	<b>1.88</b>	<b>1.52</b>
Banking	28.1	20.0	1.21	0.93
Brokerage/Asset Managers/Exchanges	3.6	1.3	0.20	0.08
Finance Companies	1.3	1.0	0.04	0.04
Insurance	4.6	3.9	0.33	0.34
REITS	2.2	2.3	0.08	0.13
<b>Industrials</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>50.5</b>	<b>2.98</b>	<b>4.00</b>
Basics	0.9	2.3	0.06	0.18
Capital Goods	3.1	4.6	0.19	0.32
Communication	9.6	7.5	0.82	0.65
Consumer Cyclical	1.2	6.4	0.04	0.41
Consumer Non-Cyclical	11.4	13.2	1.11	1.10
Energy	6.4	6.1	0.47	0.46
Technology	3.1	8.1	0.27	0.62
Transportation	0.5	1.9	0.02	0.19
Industrial Other	0.0	0.4	0.00	0.06
<b>Utilities</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>0.39</b>	<b>0.67</b>
Electric	7.1	6.8	0.39	0.61
Natural Gas	0.0	0.6	0.00	0.05
<b>Government Related</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.78</b>
Sovereign/Quasi	0.5	11.3	0.04	0.58
Taxable Municipal	0.6	2.1	0.06	0.20
<b>U.S. Treasuries / Cash</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>High Yield</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.00</b>

## CREDIT QUALITY DISTRIBUTION (%)<sup>1</sup>



	Corporate Fixed Income	Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index
AAA / Cash	<b>0.99</b>	7.09
AA	<b>14.99</b>	8.88
A	<b>34.02</b>	40.63
BBB	<b>47.55</b>	43.39
BB & Below	<b>2.44</b>	0.00

1. The characteristics displayed are for a representative account for this investment strategy. Actual account characteristics may differ. The benchmark data is that of the Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index. All data above is provided for illustrative purposes only. Credit ratings reflect the index provider's credit quality methodology. Average quality excludes cash and securities that are not rated. Totals may not foot due to rounding.

## COMPOSITE STATISTICS AND PERFORMANCE

Year	Gross-of-fee Return	Net-of-fee Return	U.S. Credit Benchmark Return <sup>1</sup>	U.S. Corporate Benchmark Return <sup>1</sup>	Number of Portfolios	Dispersion Stdv <sup>2</sup>	Composite 3-Year Stdv <sup>3</sup>	U.S. Credit Benchmark 3-Year Stdv <sup>3</sup>	U.S. Corporate Benchmark 3-Year Stdv <sup>3</sup>	Composite Assets	Total Firm Assets (BB) <sup>4</sup>
2013	0.93%	0.53%	-2.01%	-1.53%	≤ 5	N/A	4.62%	4.29%	4.43%	\$427,878,771	-
2014	9.23%	8.79%	7.53%	7.46%	≤ 5	N/A	4.18%	3.94%	4.01%	\$459,114,248	-
2015	-0.96%	-1.36%	-0.77%	-0.68%	≤ 5	N/A	4.16%	4.06%	4.13%	\$458,024,973	-
2016	8.01%	7.59%	5.63%	6.11%	≤ 5	N/A	4.17%	4.00%	4.15%	\$592,859,305	-
2017	8.13%	7.70%	6.18%	6.42%	7	N/A	3.89%	3.72%	3.88%	\$1,995,564,326	-
2018	-2.46%	-2.81%	-2.11%	-2.51%	≤ 5	N/A	3.75%	3.52%	3.65%	\$1,663,628,528	-
2019	16.10%	15.70%	13.80%	14.54%	≤ 5	N/A	3.71%	3.48%	3.63%	\$1,906,349,319	\$600.0
2020	13.26%	12.86%	9.35%	9.89%	6	N/A	7.04%	6.41%	6.86%	\$2,349,946,041	\$659.6
2021	0.30%	-0.05%	-1.08%	-1.04%	7	0.19%	7.09%	6.49%	6.93%	\$2,467,810,524	\$669.0
2022	-16.52%	-16.82%	-15.26%	-15.76%	7	0.16%	9.42%	8.80%	9.32%	\$1,676,208,98	\$579.8
2023	8.52%	8.18%	8.18%	8.52%	7	N/A	8.90%	8.75%	9.14%	\$1,949,792,010	\$600.8

Past performance is not indicative of future results. The information presented is only available for institutional client use.

- There are two performance benchmarks for the Corporate Fixed Income Composite: the Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index (U.S. Credit) and the Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Investment Grade (U.S. Corporate). The U.S. Credit Index is a broad-based index that measures all publicly issued, fixed rate, non-convertible, investment grade, corporate debt. Issues have specific rating requirements and must be rated investment grade (Baa03/BBB- or higher) by two rating agencies: Moody's, Fitch, or S&P. The U.S. Corporate Index measures the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market, and includes USD-denominated securities publicly issued by U.S. and non-U.S. industrial, utility, and financial issuers. To be included in the index, securities must be rated investment grade (Baa03/BBB-/BBB- or higher) using the middle rating of Moody's, S&P, or Fitch. The U.S. Corporate Index was added as a secondary index on September 30, 2020. It is impossible to invest directly in an unmanaged index. All index returns presented are provided to represent the investment environment existing during the time periods shown and will not be covered by the future report of independent verifiers. For comparison purposes, the index is fully invested and includes the reinvestment of income. The returns for the index do not include any transaction costs, management fees, or other costs.
- The dispersion of annual returns is measured by the standard deviation among asset-weighted gross-of-fee portfolio returns represented in the composite for the full year. "N/A" is an indication that the information is not statistically meaningful due to an insufficient number of portfolios (five or fewer) in the composite for the entire year. Standard deviation is only presented for accounts managed for a full calendar year.
- The three-year annualized standard deviation measures the variability of the gross-of-fee composite and the benchmark returns over the preceding 36-month period. The standard deviation is not presented for 2000 through 2010 because it is not required for periods prior to 2011. It is also not presented for quarter-ends.
- Prior to July 1, 2019, the investment team was part of a prior firm. Therefore, "Total Firm Assets (BB)" is left blank for year ends before the team joined MetLife Investment Management.

For purposes of the Global Investment Performance Standards ("GIPS") compliance, the "Firm" is defined as MetLife Investment Management ("MIM"). MIM is MetLife, Inc.'s institutional investment management business. The Firm is defined to include all accounts captured in MetLife's Assets Under Management. On December 15, 2022, MetLife, Inc. ("MetLife") acquired Affirmative Investment Management Partners Limited ("AIM") and the Firm was redefined as of December 15, 2023 to include the AIM entity in the Firm Assets. Previously, on September 15, 2017, MetLife, Inc. ("MetLife") acquired Logan Circle Partners ("LCP") and the Firm was redefined as of July 1, 2019 to include LCP in the Firm assets.

MetLife Investment Management claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. MetLife Investment Management has been independently verified for periods January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2022. A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled fund maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis. The **Corporate Fixed Income Composite** has had a performance examination for the periods **November 1, 2007 through December 31, 2022**. The verification and performance examination reports are available upon request.

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The creation date of the Corporate Fixed Income Composite is November 1, 2007, and the inception date is October 1, 2000. Prior to July 1, 2019, the performance of the composite represents the performance that occurred while members of the management team were affiliated with prior firms. The composite has been examined for the periods November 1, 2007 to June 30, 2019 while at another firm. The prior firm, LCP, was verified for the periods November 1, 2007 to June 30, 2019. The verification and performance examination reports are available upon request.

The Corporate strategy seeks to outperform the benchmark by investing in high quality fixed income securities across the government, corporate and structured markets, focusing on U.S. investment grade corporate debt. Derivatives may make up a part of the Corporate strategy, as the Firm utilizes futures, forwards, and interest rate swaps in its efforts to achieve the appropriate level of risk to meet the return targets, rather than for speculative purposes. The Corporate Fixed Income Composite includes all fee-paying portfolios managed on a discretionary basis according to the applicable composite strategy except as otherwise excluded herein. The Firm maintains a list of composites and descriptions, a list of limited distribution pooled funds and their descriptions, and a list of broad distribution pooled funds, all of which are available upon request. Policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS® reports are available upon request.

Effective August 1, 2020, the Firm removes accounts that have a significant monthly external aggregate cash flow greater than 20%. Between May 1, 2020 and July 31, 2020, there was no significant cash flow policy for this composite. From April 1, 2010 until April 30, 2020, the Corporate Fixed Income Composite had a significant cash flow policy which was applied consistently and within GIPS® standards. The Firm chose to remove accounts that had a significant monthly external aggregate cash flow greater than 10%. Aggregate cash flow is defined as additions plus withdrawals over the monthly period. If the significant cash flow was client-directed requiring security liquidation that materially affected account management, the Firm removed the account the month of security liquidations. The account was reinstated to the composite once the portfolio manager determined the flow had not impacted the management of the account and the account was invested as per the strategy. Additional information regarding the treatment of significant cash flows is available upon request.

There are two performance benchmarks for the Corporate Fixed Income Composite: the Bloomberg U.S. Credit Index (U.S. Credit Index) and the Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Investment Grade (U.S. Corporate Index). The U.S. Credit Index is a broad-based index that measures all publicly issued, fixed rate, non-convertible, investment grade, corporate debt. Issues have specific rating requirements and must be rated investment grade (Baa03/BBB- or higher) by two of Moody's, Fitch, and S&P. The U.S. Corporate Index measures the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market and includes USD-denominated securities publicly issued by U.S. and non-U.S. industrial, utility, and financial issuers. To be included in the index, securities must be rated investment grade (Baa03/BBB-/BBB- or higher) using the middle rating of Moody's, S&P, or Fitch. The U.S. Corporate Index was added as a secondary index on September 30, 2020. It is impossible to invest directly in an unmanaged index. All index returns presented are provided to represent the investment environment existing during the time periods shown and will not be covered by the future report of independent verifiers. For comparison purposes, the index is fully invested and includes the reinvestment of income. The returns for the index do not include any transaction costs, management fees, or other costs.

Returns are based on fully discretionary accounts under management and may include terminated accounts. The dispersion of annual returns is measured by the standard deviation among asset-weighted gross-of-fee portfolio returns represented within the composite for the full year. Dispersion is not calculated for composites with five or fewer accounts for the whole period.

Performance returns are presented gross and net-of-fees and include the reinvestment of all income and are calculated in U.S. dollars. Dividend income has been recorded net of all applicable foreign withholding taxes. Returns calculated gross-of-fees do not reflect the deduction of our investment management fees. Individual client returns will be reduced by investment management fees and other expenses that the account may incur. The investment management fee schedule for the Corporate strategy is 0.28% on the first \$100 million, 0.25% on amounts from \$100 to \$250 million, and 0.20% on amounts over \$250 million. Net returns have been calculated by reducing the monthly gross returns by the twelfth root of the highest stated ADV fee of 0.28% for the strategy. From inception to March 31, 2018, the highest ADV fee was 0.40%. From April 1, 2018 to June 30, 2023, the highest ADV fee was 0.35%. Beginning July 1, 2023, the highest stated ADV fee has been 0.28%. Investment management fees are described in Part 2A of the Firm's Form ADV. Individual client returns will be reduced by investment management fees and other expenses that the account may incur. Fees have a compounding effect on cumulative results. Actual investment management fees incurred by clients may vary.

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